SAFETY DATA SHEET



Hydrogen

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Hydrogen
Chemical name	: hydrogen
Other means of identification	: Dihydrogen; o-Hydrogen; p-Hydrogen; Molecular hydrogen; H2; UN 1049
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym SDS #	 Dihydrogen; o-Hydrogen; p-Hydrogen; Molecular hydrogen; H2; UN 1049 001026
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Classification of the substance or mixture	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Burns with invisible flame. May form explosive mixtures in Air. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. 	
Precautionary statements		
General	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution.	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.	
Response	: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	
Storage	: Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well- ventilated place.	
Disposal	: Not applicable.	
Hazards not otherwise classified	: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Chemical name Other means of identification

: Substance

- : hydrogen
- : Dihydrogen; o-Hydrogen; p-Hydrogen; Molecular hydrogen; H2; UN 1049

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: 1333-74-0
Product code	: 001026

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
hydrogen	100	1333-74-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. 		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.		

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. **Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention. Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : No specific data. Inhalation : No specific data. : No specific data. Skin contact Ingestion : No specific data. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. **Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

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        Date of issue/Date of revision
        : 1/20/2017
        Date of previous issue
        : 8/10/2015
        Version
        : 0.02
        2/11
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Section 4. First aid measures

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures			
Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: No specific data.		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	:	Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up				
Small spill	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.		
Large spill	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

Protection of first-aiders

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling			
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
hydrogen	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]	

Appropriate engineering controls	othei recoi vapo	only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any nmended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, r or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	they case	sions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some s, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment e necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	eatin Appr Was	n hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. opriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. n contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety rers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	asse gase	y eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk ssment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, s or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless ssessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side- ds.
Skin protection		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	Gas		
Color	less.		
Molecular weight	g/mole		
Molecular formula			
Boiling/condensation point	C (-423.4°F)		
Melting/freezing point	15°C (-434.5°F)		
Critical temperature	15°C (-400.3°F)		
Odor	ess.		
Odor threshold	vailable.		
рН	vailable.		
Flash point	vailable.		
Burning time	pplicable.		
Burning rate	pplicable.		
Evaporation rate	vailable.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	mely flammable in the presence of the follow ials.	ing materials or conditions: oxidizing	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	r: 4% r: 76%		
Vapor pressure	vailable.		
Vapor density	(Air = 1) Liquid Density@BP: 4.43 lb/ft3	(70.96 kg/m3)	
Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb)	386		
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	21		
Relative density	pplicable.		
Solubility	vailable.		
Solubility in water	vailable.		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	vailable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	o 571°C (932 to 1059.8°F)		
Decomposition temperature	vailable.		
SADT	vailable.		

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Section 11. Toxicological information

	Л	gical mormation
Eye contact	:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	1	As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	cts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate	1	Not available.
effects		
Potential delayed effects	- 1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate	1	Not available.
effects		Natovallakla
Potential delayed effects		Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Hydrogen

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1049	UN1049	UN1049	UN1049	UN1049
UN proper shipping name	HYDROGEN, COMPRESSED	HYDROGEN, COMPRESSED	HYDROGEN COMPRESSED	HYDROGEN, COMPRESSED	HYDROGEN, COMPRESSED
Transport hazard class(es)		2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden	-	-	Passenger and Cargo <u>Aircraft</u> Quantity limitation: 0 Forbidden <u>Cargo Aircraft Only</u> Quantity limitation: 150 kg

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

 Special precautions for user
 : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
 : Not available.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations		SCA 8(a) CDR Exen	-	-			•
	Ur	nited States invent	ory (TSC	A 8b) : This m	aterial is listed	d or exempted.	
	Cl	ean Air Act (CAA) ′	112 regu	lated flamma	ble substanc	es: hydrogen	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: No	ot listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: No	ot listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: No	ot listed					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: No	ot listed					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: No	ot listed					
<u>SARA 302/304</u>							
Composition/information of	on ing	<u>redients</u>					
No products were found.							
SARA 304 RQ	: No	ot applicable.					
SARA 311/312							
Classification	• • • •	e hazard Idden release of pre	ssure				
Composition/information of	on ing	redients					
Name		%	Fire	Sudden	Reactive	Immediate	Delayed

Name		hazard	Sudden release of pressure		(acute) health	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
hydrogen	100	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

State	regul	ations
oraro	10qui	

State regulations	
Massachusetts	: This material is listed.
New York	: This material is not listed.
New Jersey	: This material is listed.
Pennsylvania	: This material is listed.
International regulations	
International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: This material is listed or exempted.
Canada	: This material is listed or exempted.
China	: This material is listed or exempted.
Europe	: This material is listed or exempted.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: This material is listed or exempted.
New Zealand	: This material is listed or exempted.
Philippines	: This material is listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: This material is listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: This material is listed or exempted.
<u>Canada</u>	
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.

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Hydrogen

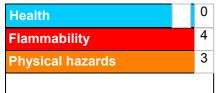
Section 15. Regulatory information

CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed.
Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.
Canadian NPRI: This material is not listed.
Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Class	sification	Justification			
Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H28	30	Expert judgment According to package			
<u>History</u>					
Date of printing	: 1/20/2017				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/20/2017				
Date of previous issue	: 8/10/2015	8/10/2015			
Version	: 0.02	0.02			
Key to abbreviations	BCF = Bioconc GHS = Globally IATA = Internat IBC = Intermed IMDG = Interna	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient			

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

References

: Not available. Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.