



Safety Data Sheet

Isopropyl Alcohol 99%

SDS Revision Date: 1/09/2018

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity Isopropyl Alcohol 99%
Alternate Names Product Code: 005

1.2. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Hydrox Laboratories
825 Tollgate Rd.
Elgin, IL 60123

Emergency

24 hour Emergency Telephone No. 800-255-3924
Customer Service: Hydrox Laboratories 847-468-9400

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 2;H225
Eye Irrit. 2A;H319
Specific target organ toxicant (central nervous system): Category 3

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.

(Not required on cosmetic product or case labels per Occupational Safety and Health Standards 29 CFR 1910.1200(b)(5))



Danger

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

[Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.
P235 Keep cool.
P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.



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- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

- P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.
- P304+312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.
- P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.
- P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
- P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

[Storage]:

- P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]:

- P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Isopropyl Alcohol CAS Number: 0000067-63-0	100%	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Eye Irrit. 2A;H319 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.



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Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Ingestion	If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview	Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Giddiness, headache, dizziness and nausea. Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Generally used as a rubdown. Vapor irritates eyes. High concentration of vapor can irritate respiratory tract, is anesthetic and may cause CNS depression. Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: Pre-existing and respiratory disorders, may be aggravated by exposure. Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.
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Inhalation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Eyes	Causes serious eye irritation.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powder, water fog.
Do not use: water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Burning may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide contamination.
Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.
Keep cool.
Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.



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Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Dilution of burning liquid with water will affect extinguishment.

5.4. Flammability Properties

Flash Point [Method]: 12°C (54°F) [ASTM D-56]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 2.0 UEL: 13

Autoignition Temperature: >350°C (662°F) [Technical literature]

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all sources of ignition. Small spills should be flushed with large quantities of water. Larger spills should be collected for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not take internally. Flammable liquid.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Incompatible materials: Anhydride, isocyanate, monomer and organo-metallic.

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames. Keep container closed.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.



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8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000067-63-0	Isopropyl Alcohol	OSHA	TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³) STEL 500 ppm
		ACGIH	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm Revised 2003,
		NIOSH	TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³) ST 500 ppm (1225 mg/m ³)
		Supplier	No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000067-63-0	Isopropyl Alcohol	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.

Eyes

Chemical resistant goggles

Skin

Rubber or vinyl gloves

Engineering Controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work Practices

Eye bath and safety shower. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Colorless Liquid

Odor

Characteristic

Odor threshold

Not Measured

pH

Not Measured

Melting point / freezing point

-89°C (-128°F)

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not Measured

Flash Point

12°C (54°F) [ASTM D-56]



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Evaporation rate (n-butyl acetate = 1)	3.9 [in-house method]
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: 2.0 Upper Explosive Limit: 12.0
Vapor pressure	4.3 kPa (32.25mm Hg) at 20°C [Calculated] [In-house method]
Vapor Density (Air = 1)	>1 at 101 kPa [Calculated]
Specific Gravity	0.800 - 0.833 @ 20C
Solubility in Water	Complete
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not Measured
Auto-ignition temperature	>350°C (662°F) [Technical literature]
Decomposition temperature	Not Measured
Viscosity (cSt)	Not Measured
Isopropyl Alcohol Assay	99.5 – 100%

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks and open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Anhydride, isocyanate, monomer and organo-metallic.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Burning may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide contamination.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.



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Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol - (67-63-0)	4,710.00, Rat - Category: 5	12,800.00, Rat - Category: NA	72.60, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute toxicity: (Rat) 6 hour(s) LC50> 25000 mg/m3 (Vapor)	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403
Irritation: No end point data for material	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapors, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs.
Acute toxicity (Rat): LD50 5840 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401
Skin	
Acute toxicity (Rabbit): LD50 13900 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Data Available	May dry the skin leading to discomfort and dermatitis. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404
Eye	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Data available.	Irritating and will injure eye tissue. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405
Sensitization	
Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin Sensitization: Data available.	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406
Aspiration: Data available.	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Data available.	Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 474 476
Carcinogenicity: Data available.	Not expected to cause cancer. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 451



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Reproductive Toxicity: Data available.	Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 414 415 416
Lactation: No end point data for material.	Note expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)	
Single exposure: No end point data for material.	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Repeated Exposure: Data available.	Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 413

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and GHS and is not classified as dangerous for the environment, but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 3 for details

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Isopropyl Alcohol - (67-63-0)	1,400.00, Lepomis macrochirus	100.00, Daphnia magna	100.00 (72 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.



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14. Transport information

UN Number	1219
UN Proper Shipping Name	Isopropanol, 3
DOT Classification	Hazmat at all levels depending on size of packaging, Excepted or Limited Quantity or Fully Regulated
Packaging Group	PGII
Additional Information	IATA OR IMDG – UN1219, Isopropanol, 3, PG II

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA Inventory.

WHMIS Classification B2 D2B

US EPA Tier II Hazards

Fire: Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure: No
Reactive: No
Immediate (Acute): Yes
Delayed (Chronic): No

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs: No chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous: No chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

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Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%): No chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%): No chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%): No chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%): No chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

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Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

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16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

Disclaimer: The contents of this MSDS are believed to be correct but do not purport to be all-inclusive and should only be used as a guide. Hydrox Laboratories, Inc. disclaims any express or implied warranty as to the accuracy of the above information and shall not be held liable for any direct, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the reliance on the above information.

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